HOME VEGETABLE INSECT CONTROL

Alton N. Sparks, Jr., Extension Entomologist

NOTE: Insecticide registrations can change rapidly and can vary with the specific product or formulation of the product used (i.e. not all products containing malathion are labeled for use on the same crops; not all formulations of Sevin have the same use patterns). Always carefully read and follow the label instructions for the specific product being applied. If using transplants, make sure plants are free of pests before purchasing.

VEGETABLE	INSECT	<i>COMMON NAME</i> TRADE NAME	AMOUNT OF FORMULATION PER GALLON OF SPRAY	PHI (DAYS)	REMARKS AND PRECAUTIONS			
All crops	Multiple pests	pyrethrins pyrethrins + PBO	RTU	0	Provides rapid knockdown and suppression of most pests directly contacted. Short residual activity.			
		Neem oil 70%	2 Tbsp or RTU	0	Best when used preventively.			
		sulfur + pyrethrins	RTU	0	Not registered for all vegetables. See label for regis- tered crops.			
	Soil pests	<i>bifenthrin</i> 0.115% granular	1 lb/500 sq ft		Apply prior to planting and work into top 4-6" of soil. (May also be applied to bifenthrin-labeled crops with PHI same as foliar applications). Labeled crops vary with product used.			
	Slugs and Snails	sulfur	See label		Do not contact plants with material.			
	5114115	iron phosphate	See label		Do not contact plants with material.			
	Fire Ants	Esteem Ant Bait is registered for use in many vegetable crops (see label). Other ant baits may be used around the garden, which for small gardens is frequently adequate.						
	Leafminers	No general-use insecticides provide control of leafminer larvae inside leaves. <i>Spinosad</i> products may provide some suppression on registered crops. Leafminer problems are frequently caused by overuse of insecticides. Hand-pick mined leaves.						
Asparagus	asparagus beetle, cutworms	<i>carbaryl</i> Sevin 22.5%	1.5 oz	1	Also available as a ready-to-use product.			
		<i>permethrin</i> 2.5% 0.25% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	1				
		spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	60	Post-harvest treatment only.			
					Also available as a ready-to-use product.			
Beans, Peas	aphids	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.			
		bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	3	Also available as a ready-to-use product.			
		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.			
		imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.			
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions.	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.			
		malathion 50%	2 tsp	Beans 1 Peas 3	Use and registration varies with specific product.			

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Beans, Peas	bean beetles (Mexican	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	3	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
(continued)	bean beetle, bean leaf	<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	Fresh 3 Dry 21	Also available as a ready-to-use product. Not for stink bugs or caterpillars.
	beetle), caterpillars	gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	(corn earworm), cowpea curculio, stink bugs	spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	Green 3 Dry 28	For caterpillar pests only. Will also suppress thrips and leafminers. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	stillk bugs	NOTE: For cowpea curculio resistance has resulted in po			vals starting when pods are ½-inch long. Insecticide stered insecticides.
	spider mites	malathion 50%	1 Tbsp	Beans 1 Peas 3	Marginal control of this pest. Use and registration varies with specific product.
		sulfur 90%	2 Tbsp	0	Do not use if temperature is above 95°F. Do not use within 3 weeks of oil spray.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
	whitefly	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
		<i>pyrethrins</i> + PBO	RTU	0	Short residual activity.
Beets	flea beetles. caterpillar pests	<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting. For flea beetles only.
		malathion 50%	1 Tbsp	7	Use and registration varies with specific product.
		spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
Broccoli,	aphids,	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage,	whiteflies	imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
Cauliflower		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
	aphid	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	1	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		lambda-cyhalothrin 0.5%	1 Tbsp	1	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		malathion 50%	1.5-2 tsp	Cabbage 7 Others 2	Use and registration varies with specific product.
		<i>permethrin</i> 2.5% 0.25% dust	l oz Dust plants lightly	1	

VEGETABLE	INSECT	<i>COMMON NAME</i> TRADE NAME	AMOUNT OF FORMULATION PER GALLON OF SPRAY	PHI (DAYS)	REMARKS AND PRECAUTIONS
Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage,	caterpillars on foliage, cutworms	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> Dipel, Thuricide and other formulations	Follow label directions	0	Not for cutworms. Treat as soon as damage is found; repeat as needed. Susceptible larvae will stop feeding soon after eating treated foliage but may not die for several days.
Cauliflower (<i>continued</i>)		bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
(commueu)		<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	3	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	1	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		lambda-cyhalothrin 0.5%	1 Tbsp	1	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		<i>permethrin</i> 2.5% 0.25% dust	l oz Dust plants lightly	1	Not registered for cutworms.
		spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	1	Not registered for cutworms. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	flea beetles,	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	stink bugs, harlequin bug	<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	3	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	0	cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	1	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		lambda-cyhalothrin 0.5%	1 Tbsp	1	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		<i>permethrin</i> 2.5% 0.25% dust	l oz Dust plants lightly	1	
Cantaloupe,	aphid	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
Cucumber, Pumpkin,		bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	3	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
Squash, Watermelon.		imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
Apply sprays late in the day to reduce kill		malathion 50%	2 tsp	Pumpkin 3 Others 1	Use and registration varies with specific product. Do not apply unless leaves are dry.
of pollinating insects.		permethrin 0.25% dust	Dust plants lightly	0	
moceto.		insecticidal soap	Follow label	0	No residual activity.
			directions		Thorough coverage is essential.
	cucumber beetle	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	3	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	adults, squash bug,	carbaryl 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	3	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	pickleworm, melon-	cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	worm,	permethrin 0.25% dust	Dust plants lightly	0	
	rindworms	spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	Cucumber 1 Others 3	For caterpillar control only. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		NOTE: Crops planted after n first bloom and repeat week		y attacked by	pickleworm and melonworm. Begin treatments at
	Squash vine borer	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	3	Also available as a ready-to-use product. Direct sprays at base of plants.

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Cantaloupe, Cucumber, Pumpkin,	Spider mites	insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
Squash, Watermelon. Apply sprays late in the		malathion 50%	1 Tbsp	Pumpkin 3 Others 1	Use and registration varies with specific product. Marginal control of this pest. Do not apply unless leaves are dry.
day to re- duce kill of	whitefly	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
pollinating insects.		imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
(continued)		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
		pyrethrins + PBO	RTU	0	Short residual activity.
Collards	aphids, whiteflies	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	wintenies	imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
	aphid	malathion 50%	2 tsp	7	Use and registration varies with specific product.
	caterpillars on foliage	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> Dipel, Thuricide, other formulations	Follow label directions	0	Treat as soon as damage is found and repeat as needed. Susceptible larvae will stop feeding soon after eating treated foliage but may not die for several days.
		<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 ozs Dust plants lightly	14	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	flea beetles, harlequin bug, stink bugs	<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 ozs Dust plants lightly	14	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
Corn, Sweet	corn earworm,	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	3	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	fall armyworm, European	<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	2	Not for stink bug control. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	corn borer flea beetle,	cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	cucumber beetle, stink	gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	21	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	bug	lambda-cyhalothrin 0.5%	1 Tbs	21	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		<i>permethrin</i> 2.5% 0.25% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	1	
		spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	1	For control of caterpillar pests only. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
					red, begin treatment when silks appear. Repeat at may be required in the fall and damage may still occur.

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Eggplant	aphid	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	5	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
		malathion 50%	2 tsp	3	Use and registration varies with specific product.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
	Caterpillars	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	on foliage, Colorado potato beetle, flea	<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	3	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	beetle	cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	5	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		<i>permethrin</i> 2.5% 0.25% dust	3 oz Dust plants lightly	3	
		spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	1	Not for use against flea beetles. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	lacebug	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	3	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	5	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	spider mite	insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
		malathion 50%	1 Tbsp	3	Use and registration varies with specific product. Marginal control of this pest.
	whitefly	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions.	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions.	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
		<i>pyrethrins</i> + PBO	RTU	0	Short residual activity.
Lettuce,	aphids,	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
Spinach	whiteflies	imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions.	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.

VEGETABLE	INSECT	<i>COMMON NAME</i> TRADE NAME	AMOUNT OF FORMULATION PER GALLON OF SPRAY	PHI (DAYS)	REMARKS AND PRECAUTIONS
Lettuce, Spinach (<i>continued</i>)	aphid	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	7	For use on head lettuce only. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
(continueu)		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	1	For use on lettuce only. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		lambda-cyhalothrin 0.5%	1 Tbsp	1	For use on lettuce only. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		malathion 50%	2 tsp	Lettuce 14 Spinach 7	Use and registration varies with specific product.
	caterpillars on foliage, flea beetles, harlequin bug and	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> Dipel, Thuricide, Other Formulations	Follow label directions	0	For control of caterpillar pests only. Treat as soon as damage is found and repeat as needed. Susceptible larvae will stop feeding soon after eating treated foliage but may not die for several days.
	bug, and stink bug	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	7	For use on head lettuce only. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	14	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	1	For use on lettuce only. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		lambda-cyhalothrin 0.5%	1 Tbsp	1	For use on lettuce only. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		<i>permethrin</i> 2.5% 0.25% dust	2 oz Dust plants lightly	1	
		spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	1	For control of caterpillar pests only. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
Mustard	aphids, whiteflies	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
greens	winternes	imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions.	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions.	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
	aphid	malathion 50%	2 tsp	7	Use and registration varies with specific product.
	caterpillars on foliage	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> Dipel, Thuricide, Other Formulations	Follow label directions.	0	Treat as soon as damage is found and repeat as needed. Susceptible larvae will stop feeding soon after eating treated foliage but may not die for several days.
		carbaryl 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	14	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	flea beetles	<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	14	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.

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Okra	aphids, whiteflies	imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
	aphid	malathion 50%	2 tsp	1	Use and registration varies with specific product.
	caterpillar pests	carbaryl 22.5%	1.5 oz	3	
	pesto	spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	1	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
Onions	thrips	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	14	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		lambda-cyhalothrin 0.5%	1 Tbsp	14	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		malathion 50%	1 Tbsp	3	Use and registration varies with specific product.
Peppers	aphids, whiteflies	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
	aphid	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	5	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		malathion 50%	2 tsp	3	Use and registration varies with specific product.
	caterpillar pests, flea	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	beetle	<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	3	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	5	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		<i>permethrin</i> 2.5% 0.25% dust	2 oz Dust plants lightly	3	
		spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	1	For control of caterpillar pests only. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	spider mites	insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
		malathion 50%	1 Tbsp	3	Use and registration varies with specific product. Marginal control of this pest.

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Potatoes, Irish	aphid	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
Irish		malathion 50%	2 tsp	0	
		<i>permethrin</i> 2.5% 0.25% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	14	
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
	Colorado potato	<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	7	Not for control of potato tuberworm. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	beetle, flea beetles,	cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	potato tuberworm	<i>permethrin</i> 2.5% 0.25% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	14	
		spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		NOTE: For potato tuberworn avoid tuberworm infestation		tuber dam	age is noticed. Store tubers promptly after digging to
Potatoes,	Flea beetles,	carbaryl 22.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
sweet	cucumber beetles	cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		malathion 50%	1 Tbsp	3	Use and registration varies with specific product.
	Caterpillars on foliage	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> Dipel, Thuricide, Other Formulations	Follow label directions	0	Treat as soon as damage is found and repeat as needed. Susceptible larvae will stop feeding soon after eating treated foliage but may not die for several days.
		carbaryl 22.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	sweet potato weevil	carbaryl 22.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also labeled as a pre-plant dip (follow label). Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
Radishes	aphids, whiteflies	imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
	aphid	malathion 50%	2 tsp	7	
	flea beetle	<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
Tomato	aphid	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	1	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	5	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
		lambda-cyhalothrin 0.5%	1 Tbsp	5	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		malathion 50%	2 tsp	1	PHI varies with specific product.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.

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Tomato (<i>continued</i>)	flea beetles,	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	1	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
(continued)	Colorado potato beetle,	<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	3	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	fruitworm, hornworm,	cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	tomato pinworm	gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	5	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		lambda-cyhalothrin 0.5%	1 Tbsp	5	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		<i>permethrin</i> 2.5% 0.25% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	0	Not registered for cutworms.
		spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	1	Not registered for flea beetles or cutworms. Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	spider mites	sulfur 90%	2 Tbsp	0	Do not use if temperature is above 95 degrees Fahrenheit. Do not use within 3 weeks of oil spray.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
	stink bug, leaffooted	bifenthrin 0.3%	1.5 oz	1	
	bug	cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		gamma-cyhalothrin 0.08%	3 Tbsp	5	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		lambda-cyhalothrin 0.5%	1 Tbsp	5	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	whitefly	acetamiprid 0.5%	1.5 oz	7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
		<i>pyrethrins</i> + PBO	RTU	0	Short residual activity.
Turnips	aphids, whiteflies	imidacloprid 0.235%	Follow label directions	21	Apply at or shortly after plant emergence or transplanting.
		insecticidal soap	Follow label directions	0	No residual activity. Thorough coverage is essential.
	aphid	malathion 50%	2 tsp.	7	Use and registration varies with specific products.
	caterpillars on foliage	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> Dipel, Thuricide, Other Formulations	Follow label directions	0	Treat as soon as damage is found and repeat as needed. Susceptible larvae will stop feeding soon after eating treated foliage but may not die for several days.
		<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz Dust plants lightly	Tops 14 Roots 7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
		spinosad 0.5%	2 oz	1	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	flea beetles, harlequin bug	<i>carbaryl</i> 22.5% 5% dust	1.5 oz. Dust plants lightly	Tops 14 Root 7	Also available as a ready-to-use product.
	Jug	cyfluthrin 0.75%	1 Tbsp	0	Also available as a ready-to-use product.

Use good growing practices to prevent disease and other problems, and to reduce the need for pesticide applications. Pesticides are not essential in the home garden. Fungicides can only prevent infections. Once outbreaks occur, fungicides have limited effectiveness. Use pesticides based on history of problems in previous years, and on an accurate diagnosis and recommendation. Elizabeth Little, Extension Plant Pathologist

Most diseases listed here are rarely serious. **Please note: This is a list of commonly used products available at local retail locations and is not all inclusive. Remember to ALWAYS read the label carefully and follow ALL directions, restrictions, and precautions listed in the manufacturer's label!

COMMODITY DISEASE	ACTIVE INGREDIENT BRAND NAME	PHI (DAYS)	METHOD, SCHEDULE REMARKS
		ASPARAGU	s
Cercospora Leaf spot	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable	180	Apply only after harvest period.
Crown Rot and Root Rot (Phytophthora)	<i>phosphorous acid</i> Agrifos		The best management for root and crown rot is to plant in a well- drained improved soil. Difficult to manage in wet soils.
Rust	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	7	See label.
	Sulfur (spray or dust)		Begin application during early bloom stage if history of problem.
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable	180	See label. Apply after harvest period.
		BEANS (LIMA AND) SNAP)
Anthracnose	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	7	See label.
Bacterial Blight	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper	0	Disease is activated during continual wet weather. Begin applying when first symptoms appear.
Root Rot and Seedling Disease (Rhizoctonia)	<i>PCNB</i> Terraclor 75%WP	Apply only at planting time	Apply as directed at planting time based on history of problems. Some bean seed is pre-treated against seedling diseases. Avoid heavy, wet soils. Wait until soils warm in spring before planting.
Rust	sulfur		Begin during early bloom or when disease first threatens.
	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	
		BEETS	
Downy Mildew, Leaf Spots, and Blights	copper sulfate Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	Begin when disease appears and repeat every 7–10 days. May not be a problem most years.
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper	0	
	BROCO	OLI, BRUSSELS SPR	OUTS, CABBAGE
Wire Stem			Start seed in sterile soil. Transplant healthy seedlings into well drained soils. Avoid keeping soils saturated.
Alternaria Leaf Spot & Downy Mildew	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	Reducing moisture on leaves and humidity in greenhouses is best preventative.
	copper <i>Bonide</i> Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper	0	
	copper sulfate Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	

COMMODITY DISEASE	ACTIVE INGREDIENT BRAND NAME	PHI (DAYS)	METHOD, SCHEDULE REMARKS
		CABBAGE	
Alternaria Leaf Spot	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	See label.
Club Root	<i>PCNB</i> Terraclor 75%WP + hydrated lime		Broadcast and disc lime into soil 0–3 days before planting.
Damping-Off of Seedlings			Use sterile soil to start seeds. Provide good air circulation and do not keep soil constantly saturated.
Downy Mildew	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	Keep leaves as dry as possible. Promote good air circulation to reduce humidity when starting seeds.
	phosphorous acid Agri-fos		
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper	None	
		CANTALOUP	E
Alternaria Leafspot, Anthracnose, Gummy Stem Blight	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	These diseases may become a problem in some wet years. Apply every 7–14 days as needed. Disease can often be avoided in the home garden with good growing practices.
Guinny otem Digit	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	nome galach will good growing practices.
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide	up to day of harvest	
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable	5	
Downy mildew	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	See label. Start when first symptoms appear. Disease is more dam- aging in wet years. Keep leaves dry when possible.
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Sulfate	0	
	phosphorous acid Agri-fos		
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable	5	
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray or Dust	0	
Powdery Mildew	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide	up to day of harvest	
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray or Dust	0	
	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	

COMMODITY DISEASE	<i>ACTIVE INGREDIENT</i> BRAND NAME	PHI (DAYS)	METHOD, SCHEDULE REMARKS
		CARROT	
Alternaria Blight	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	7	Apply every 7–14 days as needed based on past problems. Some varieties have resistance.
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper	Until day of harvest	
Cercospora Leaf Blight	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper	0	
	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control Daconil	See label.	
		COLLARDS	
Alternaria Leafspot & Downy Mildew	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper	0	
		CORN (SWEE)	[]
Leaf Blights and Rust	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	7	May not be needed most years.
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable		
		CUCUMBER	
Anthracnose	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	Apply every 7–10 days as needed during wet periods. Trellising and planting early in the season can help prevent foliar problems in cucumber.
	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray or Dust	0	
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable	5	
Alternaria Leafspot	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	Apply every 7–10 days as needed during wet periods.
	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide	Until day of harvest	
Corynespora Leafspot	<i>chlorothalonill</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	Wet weather disease.
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide	Until day of harvest	

COMMODITY DISEASE	<i>ACTIVE INGREDIENT</i> BRAND NAME	PHI (DAYS)	METHOD, SCHEDULE REMARKS
		CUCUMBER (cont	inued)
Downy Mildew	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	Downy mildew arrives in Georgia in later June or July. Mainly a problem in wet years. Apply when disease threatens and every 7–10 days as needed. Plant early in the season.
	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000		
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper	Until day of harvest	
	<i>phosphorous acid</i> Agri-fos		
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Fungicide	5	
Gummy Stem Blight	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	Often not a problem in the home garden. Use western-grown seed if possible.
	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable	5	
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper	0	
Powdery Mildew	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	Apply every 7-10 days as needed.
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide	Until day of harvest	
	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control Daconil	0	
		EGGPLANT	
Damping-Off of Seedlings			Use sterile soil to start seeds. Avoid excess water. Provide good air circulation and adequate light.
Phomopsis, Alternaria,	<i>sulfur</i> Sulfur products		May only be a problem in wet years. Apply at first sign of disease.
Anthracnose, Fruit Rots & Leaf Blights	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper	0	
		GARLIC (SEE ON	
		IRISH POTAT	
Black Scurf and Stem Canker (Rhizoctonia)	PCNB Terraclor 10 G		Apply according to label directions. Best to rotate and improve soil organic matter. Use clean planting materials.
	<i>PCNB</i> Terraclor 75 WP		
Early Blight and Late Blight	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	See label. Potatoes are a cool season crop in Georgia and this limits diseases such as late and early blight.
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper		
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable	14	

COMMODITY DISEASE	<i>ACTIVE INGREDIENT</i> BRAND NAME	PHI (DAYS)	METHOD, SCHEDULE REMARKS		
		KALE			
Alternaria Leafspot Downy Mildew	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray or Dust Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide	0	Keep leaves as dry as possible to prevent. Reduce moisture and humidity when growing seedlings.		
		LETTUCE			
Downy Mildew	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray or Dust Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide	0	Usually not a problem in the home garden. Avoid keeping leaves wet.		
		OKRA			
Pod blight	No foliar fungicides available		Blight is associated with wet conditions—provide good air circulation		
		ONION (DRY)		
Purple Blotch, Bacterial Leaf Blight, Botrytis Leaf Blight, and Downy Mildew	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control		Onions are harvested before summer and foliar diseases are usually not a problem.		
and Downy Mindew	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable				
	ONION (GREEN AND GREEN BUNG	CHING) – GARLIC, LI	EEK, SHALLOT, ONION GROWN FOR SEED)		
Botrytis Leaf Blight, Downy Mildew, Neck Rot, and Purple	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	14	See label. Most onions are grown during the winter and spring when disease pressure is low. Onions in the home garden should not need fungicide applications.		
Blotch	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper	Until day of harvest			
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable	7			
		PEAS (ENGLIS	н)		
Powdery Mildew	<i>sulfur</i> Sulfur (spray or dust)		Start application at first sign of disease and repeat every 7–10 days. Do not apply when temperature is above 90°F or when plants are wet.		
PEPPER					
Cercospora, Anthracnose,	sulfur				
Phytophthora blight, Fruit Rots, and Bacterial Spot	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper				
Blossom End Rot	calcium CAB		Blossom end rot can be caused by a combination of fluctuating soil moisture, and low pH and calcium. Maintain optimal soil condi- tions and mulch to conserve water.		
Southern Blight (Sclerotium)	<i>PCNB</i> Terraclor 75WP		Plant in a well-drained site. Avoid areas with a history of Southern Blight. Use ½ pint per plant when transplanting. Rotate with corn or other grasses.		

COMMODITY DISEASE	<i>ACTIVE INGREDIENT</i> BRAND NAME	PHI (DAYS)	METHOD, SCHEDULE REMARKS
		PUMPKIN	
Downy Mildew	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	Downy mildew arrives in Georgia in later June or July. Mainly a problem in wet years. Apply when disease threatens and every 7–10 days as needed.
	copper sulfate Dupont Copper Kocide 3000		See label.
	Phosphorous acid Agri-fos	0	
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable	5	
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper Spray		
Anthracnose, Gummy Stem Blight, Alternaria leafspot	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	Fungicides may not be needed for these diseases most years.
	copper sulfate Dupont Copper Kocide 3000		
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable	5	
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper		
Powdery Mildew	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	See label.
	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide	Until day of harvest	
Viruses	No chemical control available.		Use reflective mulches, plant resistant varieties, plant earlier in season, watch for insect vectors (such as aphids).
		SPINACH	
Anthracnose & Cercospora Leafspot	copper sulfate Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	Begin at first sign of disease and repeat every 7 days.
Downy Mildew, White Rust	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper	0	Keep foliage as dry as possible. See label.
	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000		

COMMODITY DISEASE	<i>ACTIVE INGREDIENT</i> BRAND NAME	PHI (DAYS)	METHOD, SCHEDULE REMARKS
		SQUASH	
Anthracnose, Downy Mildew, Cercospora	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	Downy mildew arrives in Georgia in later June or July. These are mainly disease problems in wet years. Apply when disease threat- ens and every 7–10 days as needed.
	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable	5	
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper	0	
Powdery Mildew	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	
	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide	Until day of harvest	
Viruses	No chemical control available.		Plant earlier in the season to avoid high insect populations. Row covers provide early-season protection. Select resistant varieties.
		TOMATO	
Anthracnose, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Spot, Late Blight, and	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	See label. Late blight is a rare problem in Georgia. Early blight (Alternaria) and Septoria leaf spot diseases can defoliate suscepti- ble cultivars in a wet year. Start treatment when first spots appear
Septoria Leaf Spot	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper		on lower foliage and continue treating during wet and humid periods. Use cultivars with resistance.
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable		
Bacterial Speck (Pseudomonas) and Leaf Spot	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	May cause some defoliation in a wet year. Usually not a problem in home gardens.
(Xanthomonas)	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper	0	
		TURNIPS	
Cercospora, Cercosporella, Anthracnose, and Powdery Mildew	<i>copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper	0	Do not make more than 3 applications per growing season.
rowdery Mildew	sulfur Sulfur	0	
	TI	JRNIPS, MUSTARD &	COLLARDS
Alternaria Leafspot and Downy Mildew	<i>Copper</i> Bonide Copper Spray, or Liquid Copper	0	
	Sulfur	0	
Powdery Mildew	Wettable Sulfur 95%	0	Begin at first sign of disease. Apply every 7–10 days.

COMMODITY DISEASE	<i>ACTIVE INGREDIENT</i> BRAND NAME	PHI (DAYS)	METHOD, SCHEDULE REMARKS		
WATERMELON					
Anthracnose, Gummy Stem Blight	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	See label. Usually not a problem most years. Wet conditions may bring on		
	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0	disease. Apply every 7–10 days as needed.		
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable	5	_		
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper	0	_		
Bacterial Fruit Blotch			Rare problem in home gardens. Purchase good quality seed.		
Downy Mildew	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0	Downy mildew arrives in Georgia in later June or July. Mainly a problem in wet years. Apply when disease threatens and every 7–10 days as needed.		
	<i>copper sulfate</i> Dupont Copper Kocide 3000	0			
	phosphorous acid Agri-fos	5	_		
	<i>mancozeb</i> Bonide Mancozeb Flowable	5	-		
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper	0	-		
Fusarium Wilt	No chemical control.		Plant resistant varieties. Long rotations should be used (do not plant more than once every 5 years).		
Powdery Mildew	<i>chlorothalonil</i> Ortho Garden Disease Control	0			
	<i>copper</i> Bonide Liquid Copper Fungicide	0			

Always check label for proper rates.

WEED CONTROL IN HOME VEGETABLE GARDENS

Jenna C. Vance, Extension Weed Science A. Stanley Culpepper, Extension Weed Scientist

APPLICATION/ TIMING	HERBICIDE	CROPS	REMARKS AND PRECAUTIONS
Pre-plant or Pre-emergence	glyphosate Roundup, many others See label for specific product used Make certain to use la- beled products containing glyphosate as the only active ingredient!	Beans, Garden Beets, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrot, Cauliflower, Celery, Collards, Garlic, Kale, Lettuce, Mustard Greens, Okra, Onion, Peas, Potato (Irish and sweet), Spinach, Tomato, and Turnip. Cantaloupe, Cucumber, Eggplant, Gourds, Melons (all), Muskmelon, Peppers, Pumpkin, Squash (summer, winter), Tomato, and Watermelon See label for use on additional crops.	Controls most annual weeds and suppresses or controls many perennial weeds. A rate of 0.75 lb ae/A will control most weeds but rate can be increased up to 1.5 lb ae/A. For hand sprayers, 0.75 to 2% glyphosate solution and spraying the weed leaf surface until wet will likely be effective; drift on sensitive crops will likely be detrimental. See label for specific details on rates and weeds controlled. For seeded crops on bareground : allow at least three days after application before seeding plus an irrigation/rainfall of 0.5 inch is advised after application and before planting. For transplants on bareground : if the soil is not tilled after application and before planting, apply no more than 0.75 lb ae/A of this product in a single application, and allow for a minimum accumulation of 0.5 inch of rainfall or overhead irrigation, and wait seven or more days between application and transplanting. Make no more than one application within two weeks of transplants in plastic mulch: wait three or more days before planting following a single application at up to 0.75 lb ae/A or wait ten or more days following a single application up to 1.5 lb ae/A, AND allow for a single rainfall or irrigation event of at least 0.5 inch between application and planting. Make sure to poke new holes in mulch, not within six inches of tears or old holes.
Pre-plant incorporated, pre-emergence, or post- emergence	<i>trifluralin</i> Weed Preventer, others See label for specific product used	From Seed: Black eyed peas, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrots, Cauliflower, Celery, Collard, Field Peas, Green Peas, Kale, Lentils, Lima Beans, Mustard Greens, Okra, Snap Beans, Southern Pea, Radish, and Turnip Greens	DOES NOT CONTROL EMERGED WEEDS. From Seed: For residual control of annual grasses and small- seeded broadleaf weeds. Apply to prepared soil and incorporate 2 inches deep before planting. Be careful with use rate especially on broccoli, cabbage, cauliflower, turnip greens, mustard greens, collard and kale.
		Before Transplanting : Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery, Eggplant, Pepper and Tomato	Before Transplanting : For residual control of annual grasses and small-seeded broadleaf weeds. Apply to prepared soil and incorporate 2 inches deep before planting.
		Post Emergence Directed: Cantaloupe, Cucumber and Watermelon	Post-Emergence Directed : Provides residual control of an- nual grasses and small-seeded broadleaf weeds. Apply after plants have developed at least 3–4 leaves. Apply between plants, taking care to limit spray drift on plants. If possible, cultivate into the soil 2 inches deep after application or apply irrigation for activation. Do not apply within 30 days of har- vest, except for watermelon, which has a 60-day pre-harvest interval.
		After planting: Potato	After planting but before emergence: Use care not to damage seed pieces when cultivating into the soil after application nor to allow treated soil to contact emerged plant foliage.
		Perennial Vegetables: Asparagus	Apply to dormant asparagus in winter or early spring after removing mature ferns. Do not apply after new spears begin to emerge.

APPLICATION/ TIMING	HERBICIDE	CROPS	REMARKS AND PRECAUTIONS
Pre-plant incorporated, pre-emergence, or post-	DCPA	At seeding: Mustard Greens and	DOES NOT CONTROL EMERGED WEEDS.
	Dacthal W-75 Dacthal 6 F	Turnip	Apply uniformly to soil as a spray at time of planting for re- sidual control of grasses and small seeded broadleaf weeds.
emergence (<i>continued</i>)		At seeding or transplant- ing: Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage, Collards, Kale, Garlic, Onions, and Sweet Potato	Apply uniformly to the soil as a spray for residual control of grasses and small seeded broadleaf weeds. Can be sprayed directly over transplants without injury.
		When plants have 4–5 true leaves: Seeded melons: Cantaloupe, Honeydew, and Watermelon	Apply only when plants have 4–5 true leaves, are well established, and growing conditions are favorable. Will not control emerged weeds.
		4–6 weeks after transplanting or direct seeding plants at 4–6 inches tall : Tomato and Eggplant	Can be applied over top of transplants for residual control of annual grasses and small seeded broadleaf weeds.
Post-emergence	<i>pendimethalin</i> Prowl 3.3 EC	Onions (Dry bulb only)	Pendimethalin will not control emerged weeds but will provide residual control for sensitive species.
	Prowl H20 3.8 AS		Seedbed or direct seeded : Apply when onions have 2–9 true leaves but prior to weed emergence.
			Transplants : Apply to onions after soil has settled (watered) around transplants and no cracks are present. Adding the herbicide 'Goal' would be beneficial if it can be obtained. Follow label closely. If no rainfall occurs within 2 days after application, irrigate as needed.
			Prowl 3.3 EC: 1.8–2.4 pt, Prowl H20: 1.5–2 pt. Use lower rates for applications to very young onions.
	sethoxydim Poast 1.53 EC	Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrots, Cantaloupe, Cauliflower, Celery, Collard, Cucumber, Eggplant, Garlic, Green Pea, Kale, Leek, Lettuce (head and leaf), Lima Bean, Mustard, Okra, Onion, Pepper, Potato (Irish and sweet), Pumpkin, Spinach, Squash, Snap Bean, Southern Pea, Tomato, and Watermelon	Does not control broadleaf weeds or sedges. Apply poste- mergence over-the-top for control of emerged annual and perennial grasses at 1 pt/A or approximately 0.75 Tbsp/ gal/1000 sq ft. Use a crop oil concentrate (adjuvant) at a rate of 1 qt/A or approximately 1.5 Tbsp/gal/1000 sq ft.
			Do not apply within 3 days of harvesting cantaloupe or cucumber.
			Do not apply within 7 days of harvesting pepper.
			Do not apply within 14 days of harvesting mustard, okra, pumpkin, squash, or watermelon.
			Do not apply within 15 days of harvesting leaf lettuce, spin- ach, succulent beans, or peas.
			Do not apply within 30 days of harvesting broccoli, brussels sprouts, cabbage, carrots, cauliflower, celery, collard, dry beans or peas, garlic, kale, leek, (head) lettuce, mustard, potato, or onion.
			Do not apply within 20 days of harvesting eggplant or tomato.
	<i>bentazon</i> Basagran 4 SL	English Pea, Green Pea, Kidney Bean, Lima Bean, Navy Bean, Pinto Bean, Snap Bean, and Southern Pea	For post-emergence suppression of yellow nutsedge and control of some broadleaf weeds such as cocklebur and small flower morning glory. Does not control grasses. Apply when weeds are small and actively growing. Adjust rate according to weed size as suggested on label. Do not apply before the third trifoliate leaf of the crop is fully expanded. Do not apply when peas or beans are in bloom. Add adju- vant according to label.
			According to the label, Basagran cannot be applied alone and must be mixed with Raptor or Pursuit. However, neither Raptor nor Pursuit are labeled on all bean types; see label.
			Rate for Basagran 4L is 6–16 fluid ounces per acre while Basagran 5L rate ranges from 4.8 to 12.8 fluid ounces per acre.
			Do not apply to dry or succulent beans within 30 days of harvest, 30 days of dry pea harvest, or 10 days of succulent pea harvest.

WEED CONTROL IN HOME VEGETABLE GARDENS

APPLICATION/ TIMING	HERBICIDE	CROPS	REMARKS AND PRECAUTIONS
Row middle	glyphosate Roundup PowerMAX 5.5 SL	Brassica:broccoli, cabbage, collard, kale, and mustard greensBulb crops:garlic, leek, onionCucurbits:cucumber, melons, pump- kin, squash, and watermelonLeafy vegetables:celery, lettuce (head and leaf), and spinachFruiting vegetables:cegplant, pepperLegumes:lima bean, snap bean, Southern pea, English pea, garden pea Roots and Tubers:beet, carrot, parsley, radish, rutabaga, potato (Irish and sweet)Other: globe artichoke, okra, and sugar beetSee label for use on additional crops.	APPLY AS HOODED SPRAY in row middles or as a WIPER application in row middles. DO NOT ALLOW HERBICIDE MIXTURE TO CONTACT ANY PART OF THE CROP INCLUDING THE ROOTS! For crops that vine, applications must be made to row mid- dles prior to vine development. Application must be made at least 14 days before harvest. May be applied as a POST-harvest application. Apply at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. If applying over mulch of any type must be washed off with 0.5 inch rain/irrigation prior to planting.
	<i>trifluralin</i> Treflan HFP	Cucurbits	Provides residual control of annual grasses and small- seeded broadleaf weeds. Apply after plants have reached the 3–4 leaf stage of growth. Apply as a directed spray between the rows. Avoid foliage contact as slight crop injury may occur. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest, except for watermelon, which has a 60-day pre-harvest interval.